



fib Symposium 2025

Antibes - France

Concrete Structures :
extend lifespan, limit impacts

16-18 June, 2025

fib
CEB-FIP

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3-year exposition of PerfDuB specimens in tidal zone: comparison between model predictions and experimental results

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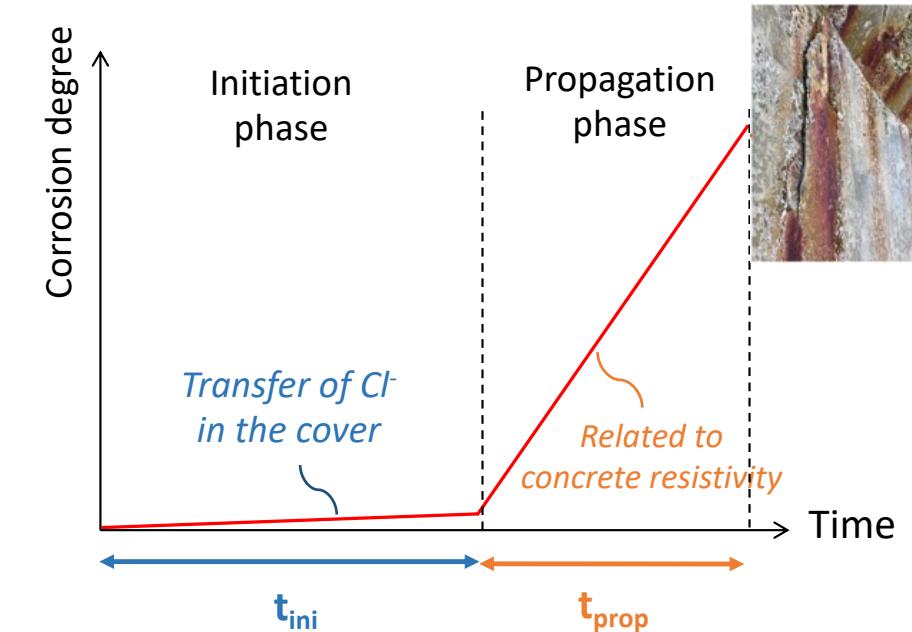
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Introduction

National Project PerfDuB - Corrosion due to chloride ingress

- ✓ An experimental campaign launched in 2020
- ✓ A model to predict the service-life time ($t_{ini} + t_{prop}$)



First results after 3 years: visual observations
of corrosion, electrochemical characterisations



Comparison with model results?

Modelling

Initiation period (*modified fib Model-code*)

Chloride content profile (from Fick law):

$$C(x, t) = C_0 + (C_s - C_0) \left[1 - \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{x - \Delta x}{2 \cdot \sqrt{D_m(t) \cdot t}} \right) \right]$$

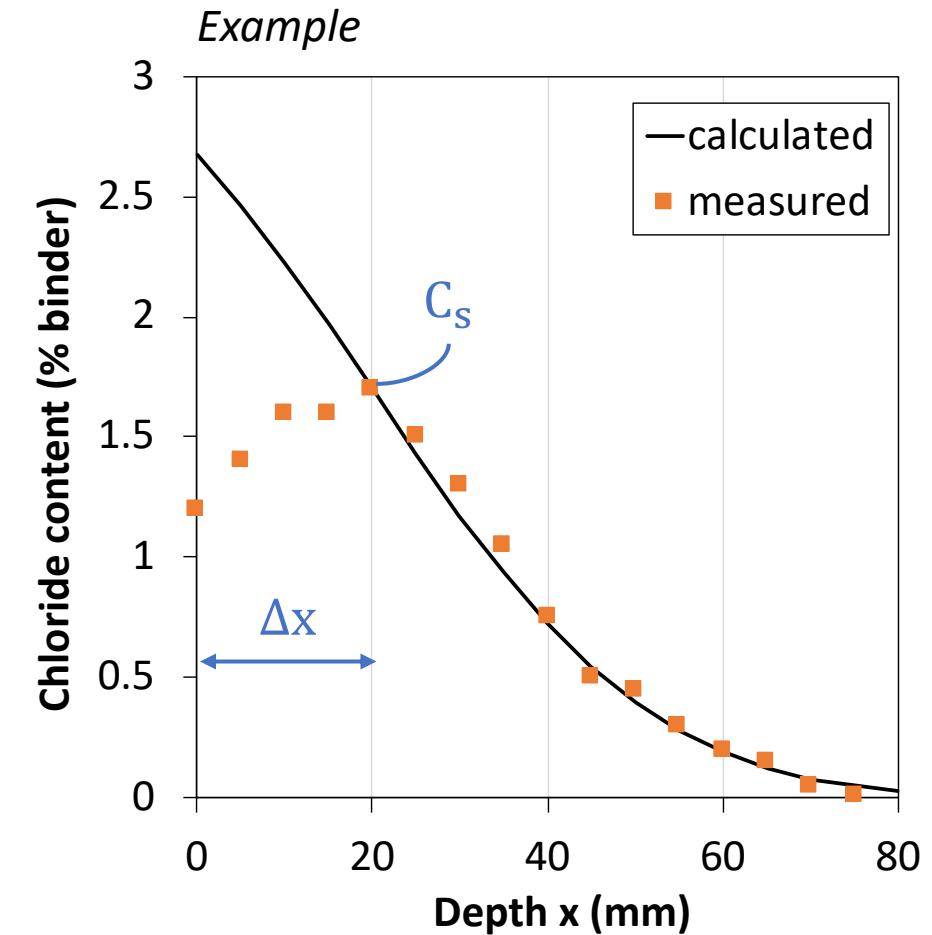
Mean chloride diffusion coefficient: $D_m(t) = f_D(t, T, D_{RCM}, \alpha_M)$

Thickness of the “convection zone”: $\Delta x = f_{\Delta x}(\varphi)$

Chloride content at depth Δx : $C_s = f_C(\varphi)$

Main input (durability indicators):

- D_{RCM} : migration coefficient ($m^2 \cdot s^{-1}$)
- φ : porosity (-)



Modelling

Initiation period (*modified fib Model-code*)

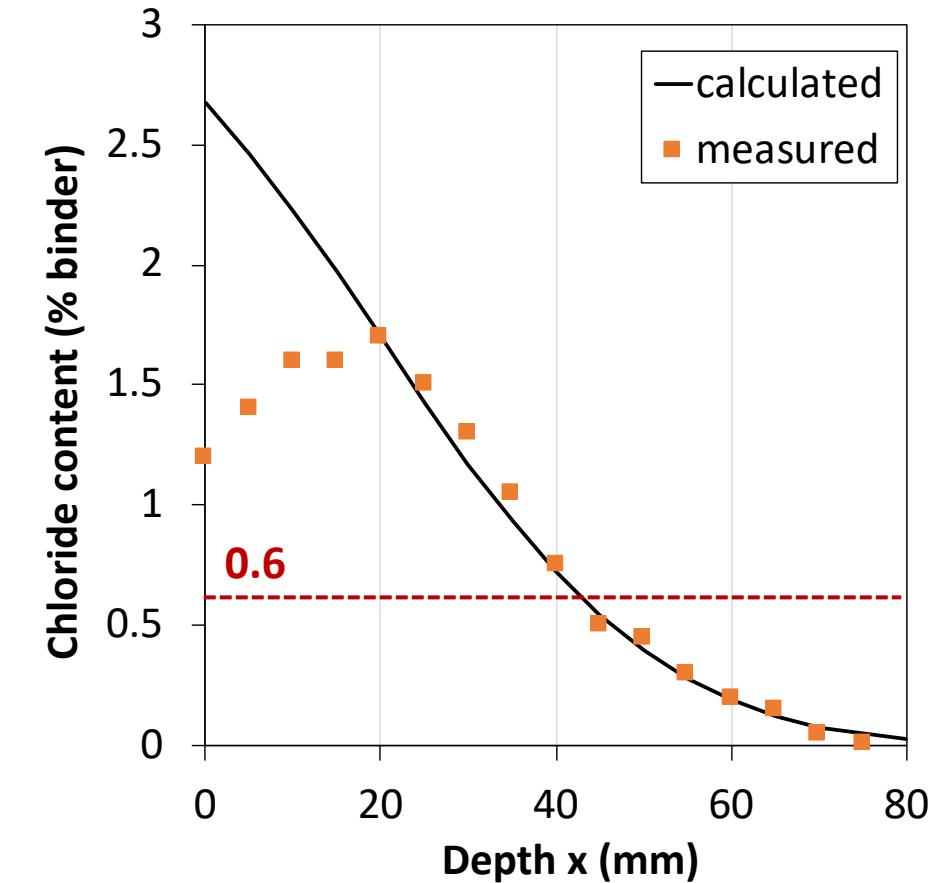
Initiation time t_{ini}

Determined so as: $C(x = d, t_{\text{ini}}) = C_{\text{crit}}$

with:

d : cover depth

Critical content resulting in corrosion : $C_{\text{crit}} = 0.6\%$ wt of binder



Model

Propagation period

Propagation time:

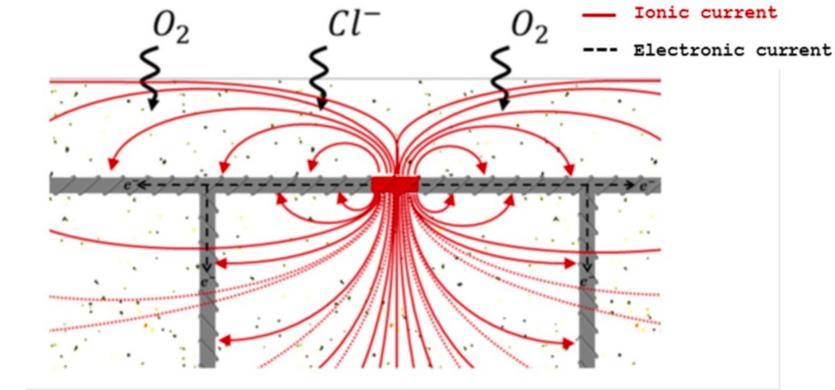
$$t_{\text{prop}} = 2\mu \left(\frac{S_a}{\phi} \right) i_{\text{corr}}^{-1}$$

Constant (from Faraday's law): 2μ

Diameter of the steel bar: ϕ

Local cross-section loss resulting in surface cracking: $S_a = f_{Sa}(\phi, d, \text{geometric factors})$

Induced **galvanic current**: $i_{\text{corr}} = f_{corr}(p, C, \text{ambient parameters})$



Main input (durability indicator): p , concrete resistivity

Case study: Perfdub specimens

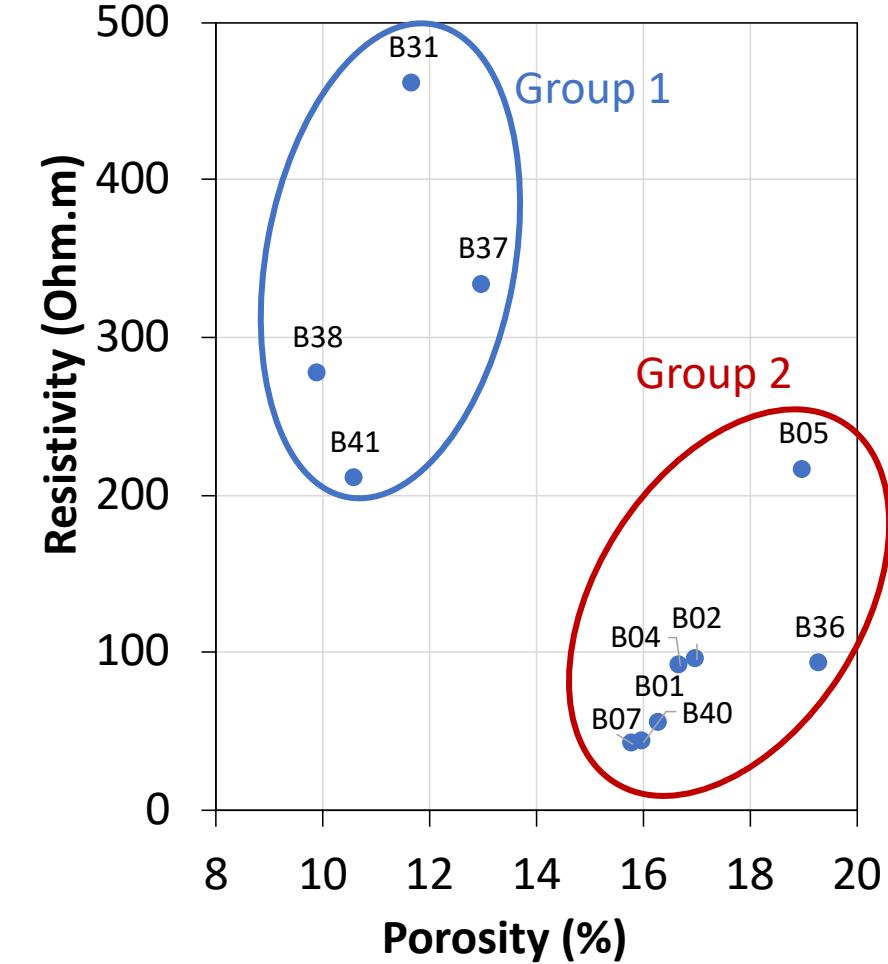
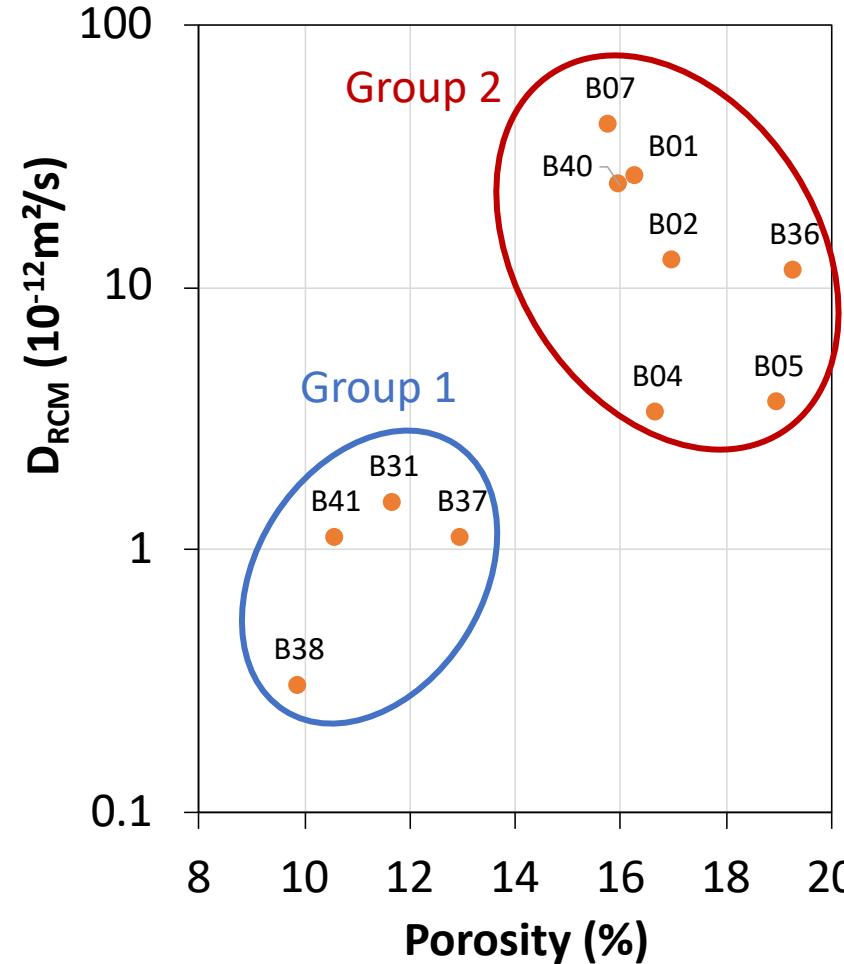
Data

11 concretes:

2 groups

2 cover depths:

10 and 20 mm



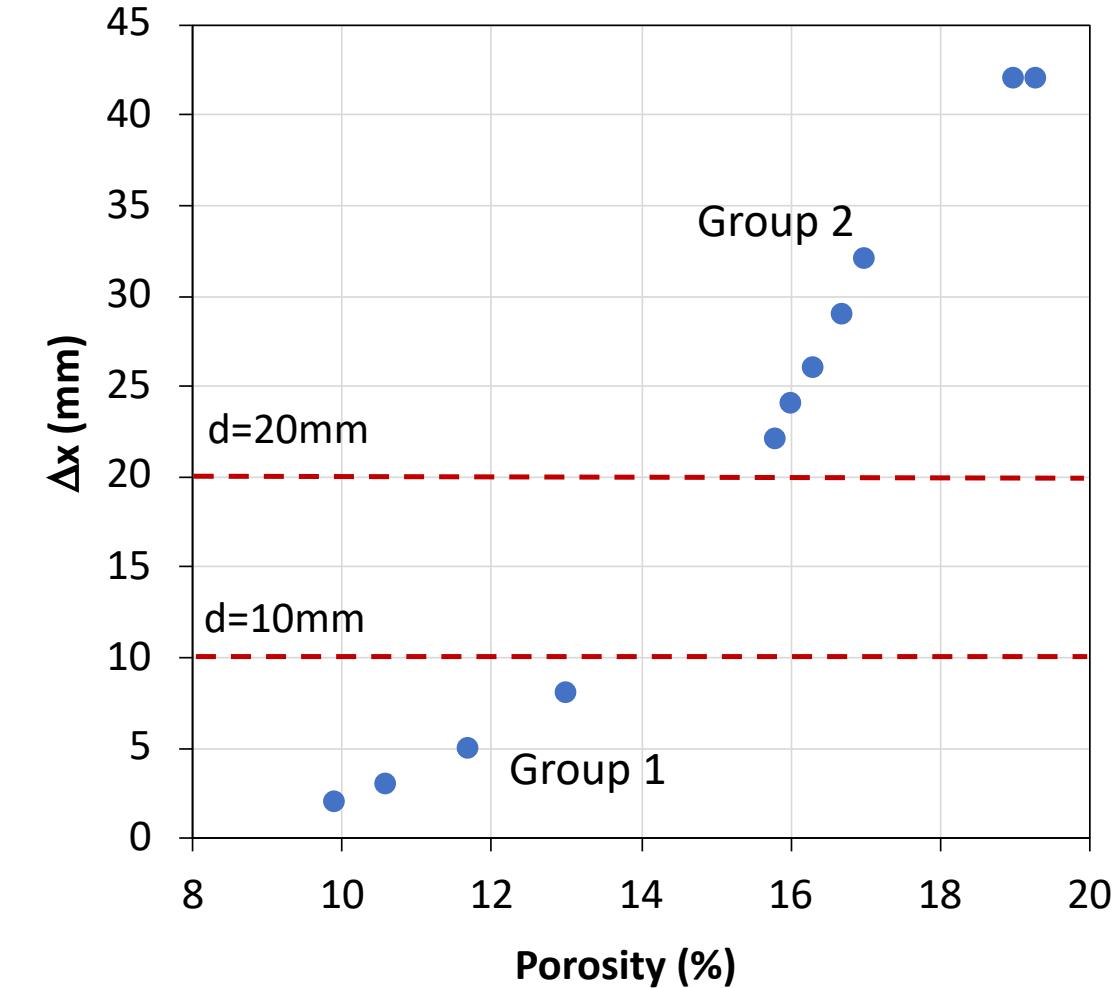
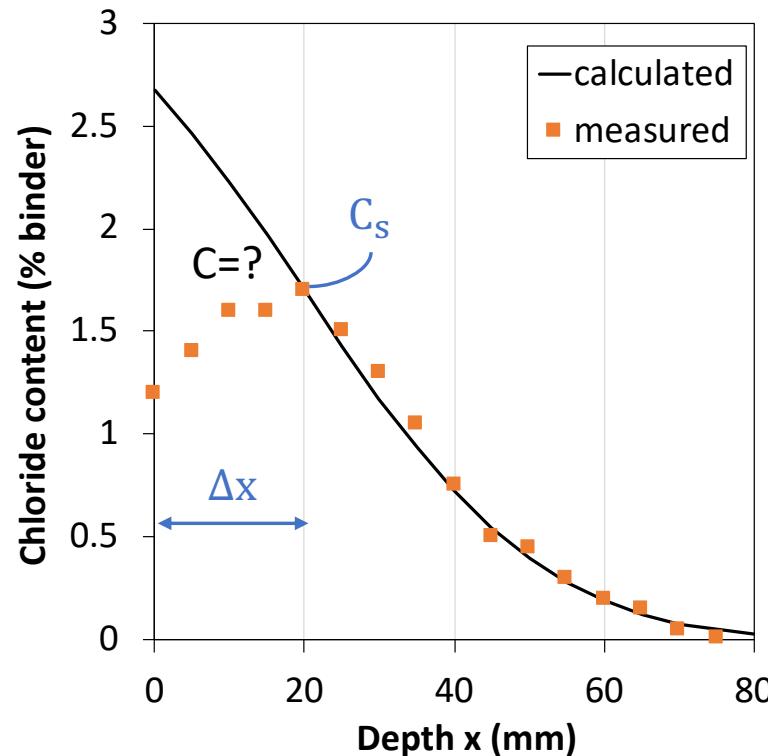
Case study: Perfdub specimens

Model results

Calculated “convection zone” delta x

For group 2: $\Delta x > d \Leftrightarrow$ Steel bar in the “convective zone”!

→ The “initiation phase” model *unsuitable*...



Case study: Perfdub specimens

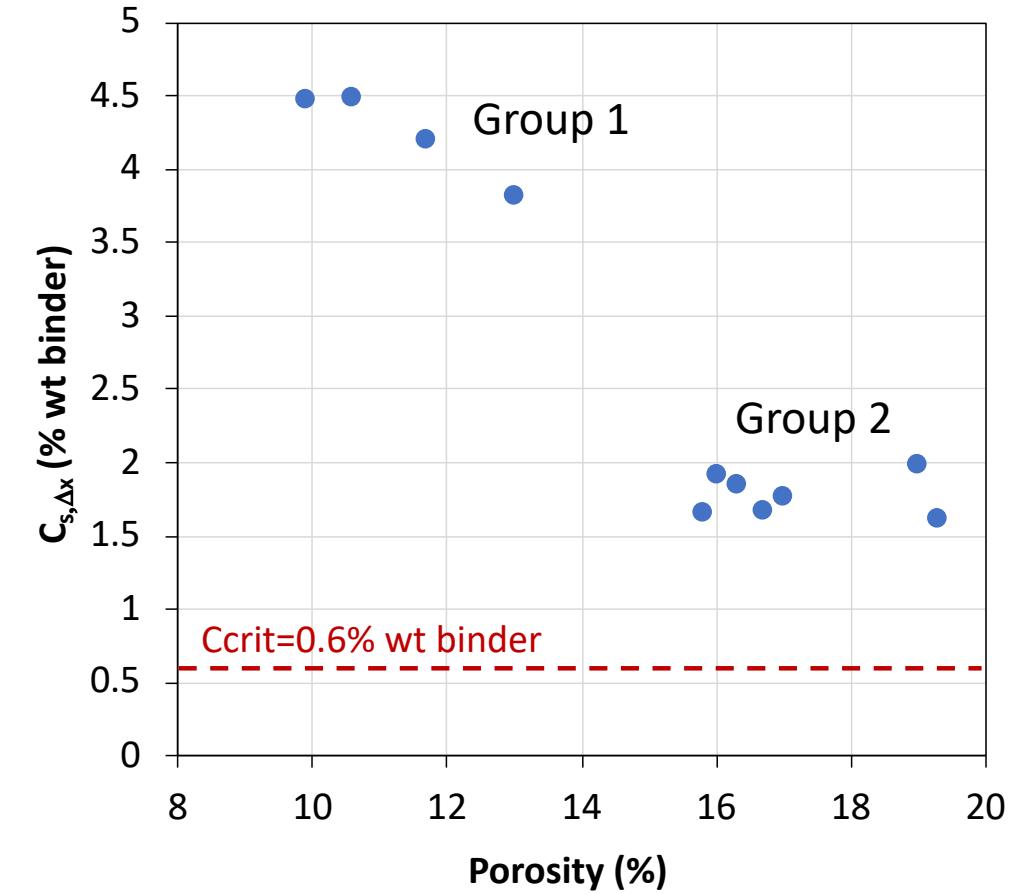
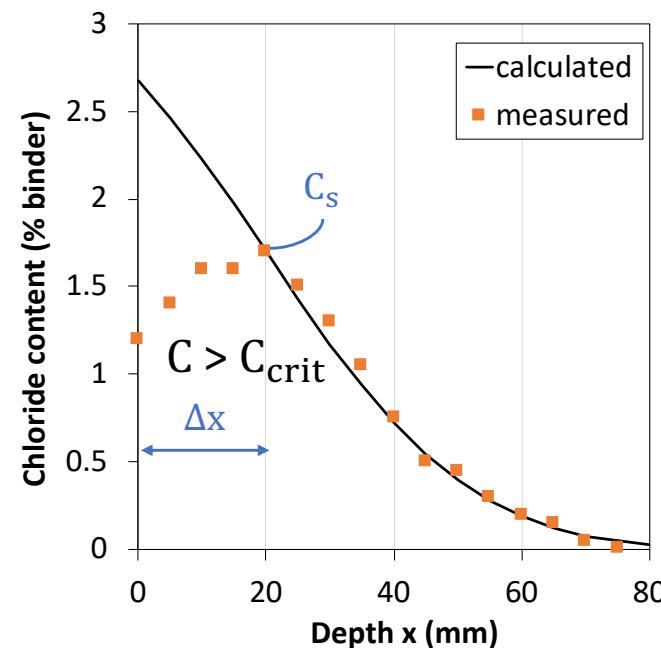
Model results

Chloride content at depth Δx :

$C_s \gg C_{crit}$ for all groups

⇒ at $x = d$, let's assume that $C(d) = C_{crit}$ for group 2

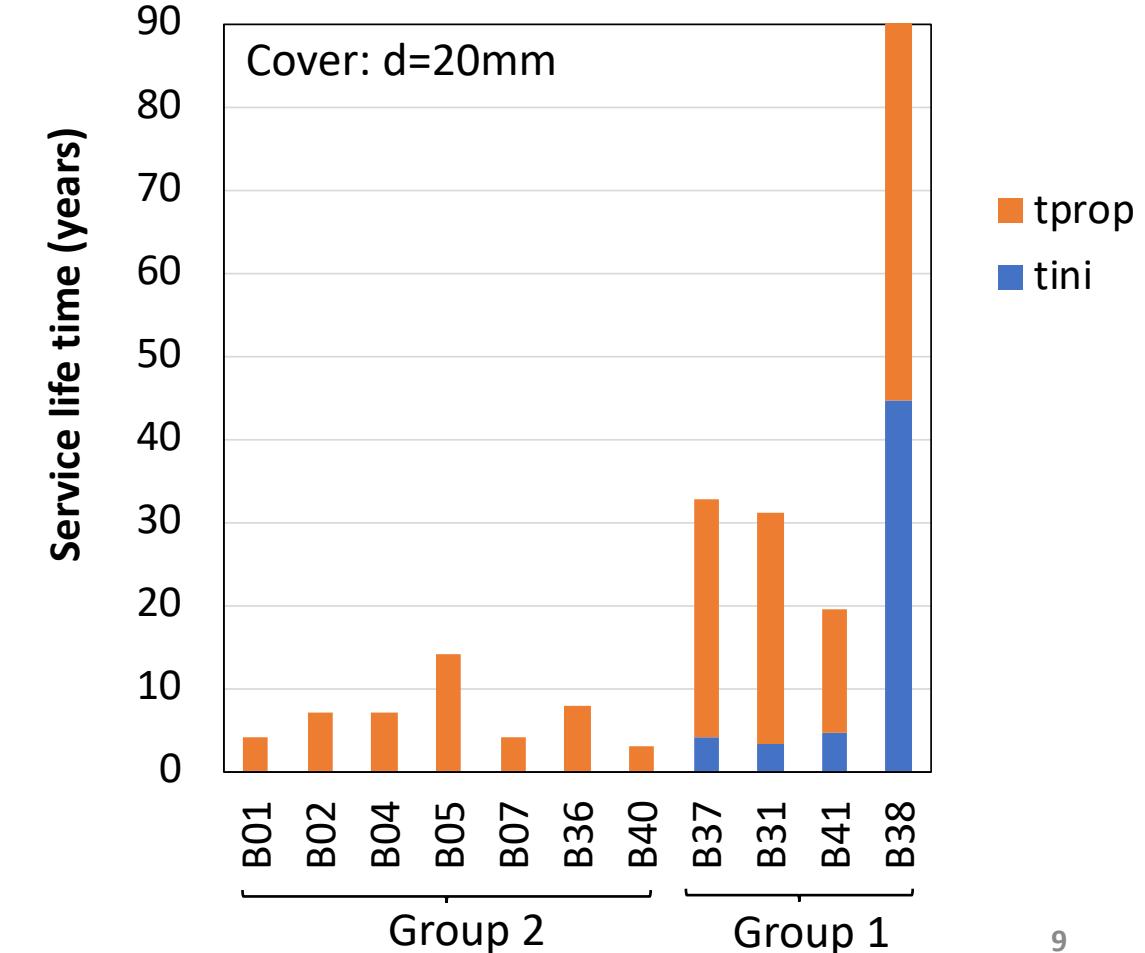
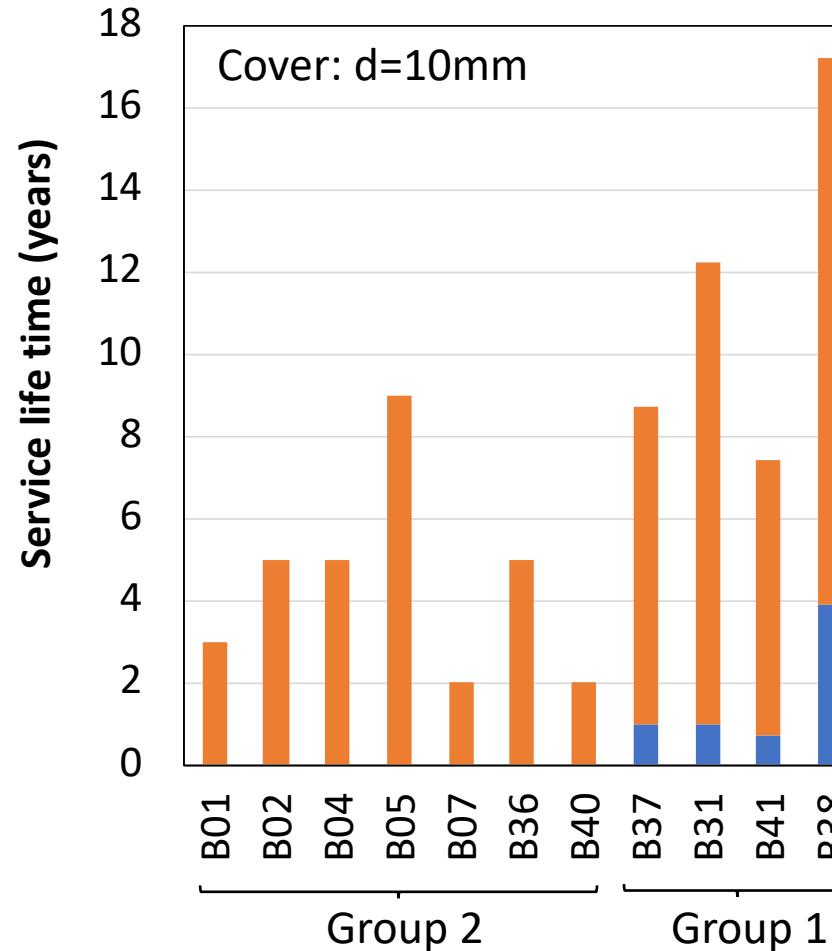
⇒ $t_{ini} \sim 0$ and $t_{sl} = t_{prop}$



Case study: Perfdub specimens

Model results

Service life time



Case study: Perfdub specimens

Comparison with experimental results after 3 years

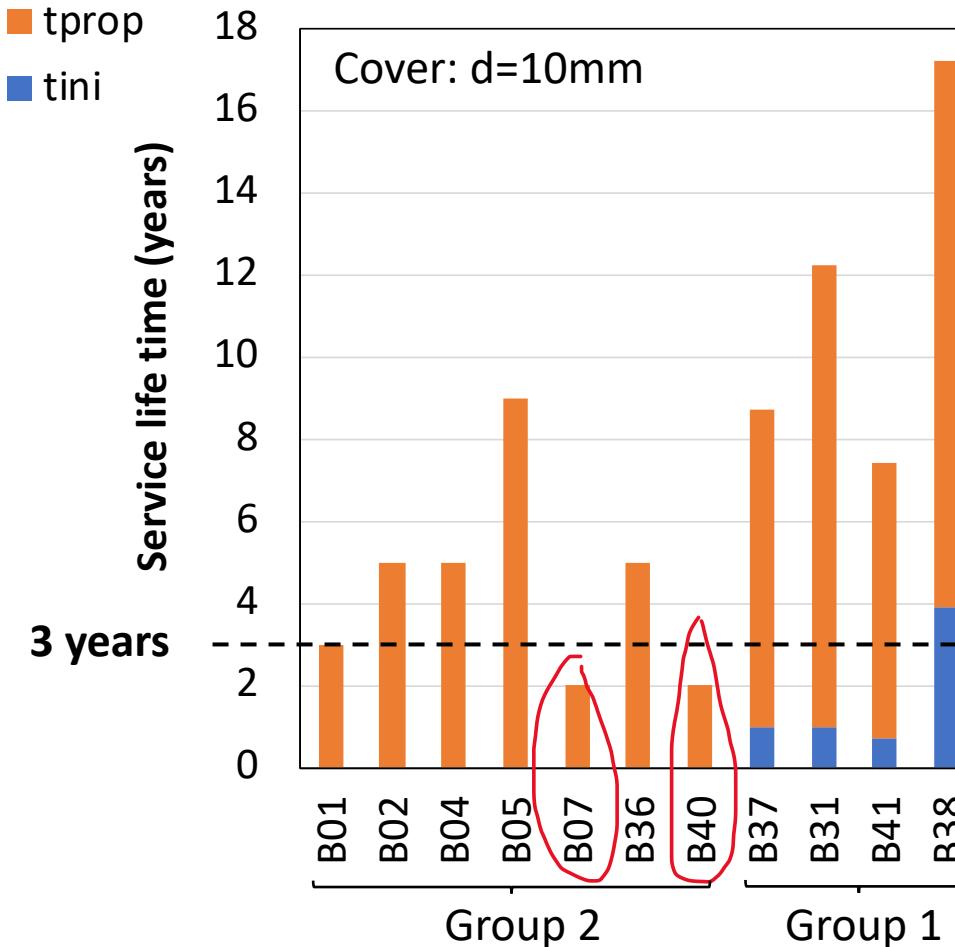
Agreement?

Group	Concrete	Cover d=10 mm	Cover d=20 mm
		Visual observation	Visual observation
2	B01	Yes	Yes
	B02	Yes	Yes
	B04	No	No
	B05	Yes	Yes
	B07	Yes	Yes
	B36	Yes	Yes
	B40	Yes	Yes
1	B37	Yes	Yes
	B38	Yes	Yes
	B31	Yes	Yes
	B41	No	Yes

Case study: Perfdub specimens

Comparison with experimental results after 3 years

Predictions in agreement with observations



Crack predicted vs. crack observed

B07 d=10mm



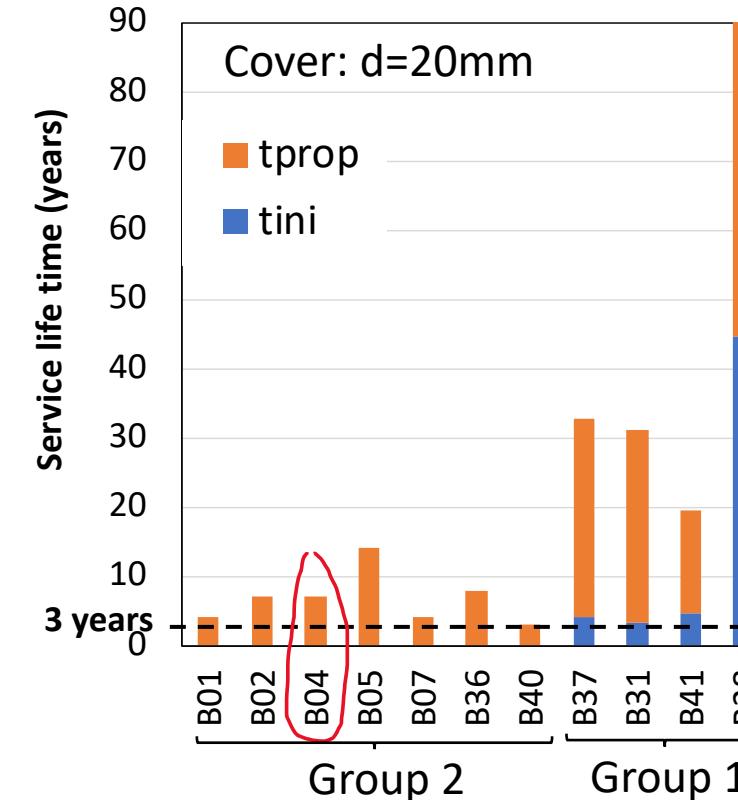
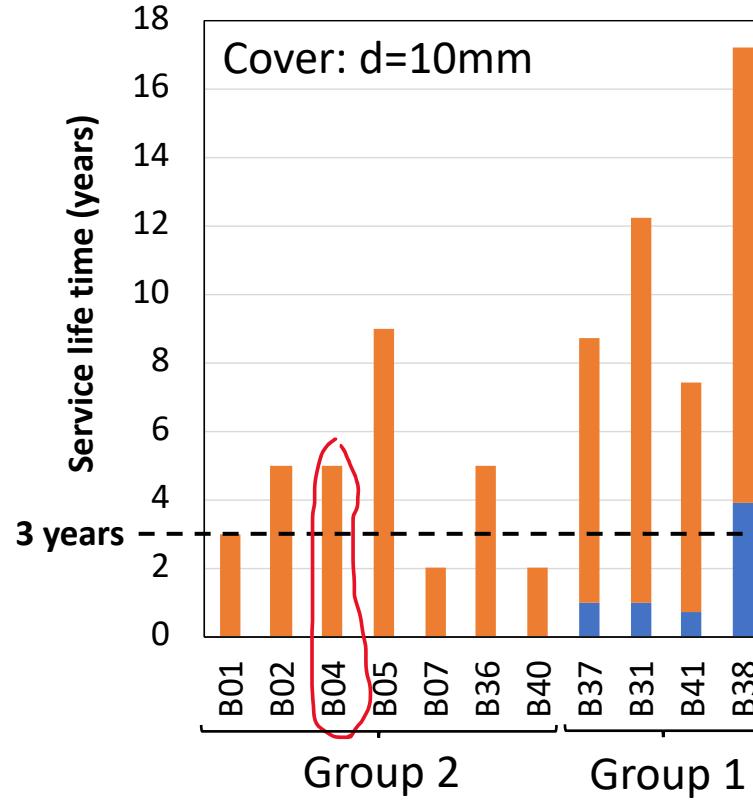
B40 d=10mm



Case study: Perfdub specimens

Comparison with experimental results after 3 years

Predictions NOT in agreement with observations



B04 d=10mm



B04 d=20mm

B04:
carbonation
depth~5mm

Cover partially
carbonated
Not taken into
account in the
modelling!

Conclusion

- ✓ A model to predict the service-life time ($t_{ini}+t_{prop}$)
- ✓ Application of the model to predict the corrosion of Perfdub specimens
- ✓ The “Initiation phase model” unsuitable for (very) small cover depths... However, the “propagation phase model” could be used to assess corrosion in this particular case.
- ✓ Propagation time not negligible
- ✓ Globally, model predictions in accordance with observations
- ✓ **To be confirmed with further results in the coming years!**
- ✓ **Next step:** comparison between experimental chloride profiles and initiation time model results

Thank you

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